

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname

Other names

Centre Number

Candidate Number

Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level

Thursday 31 October 2024

Afternoon (Time: 1 hour 30 minutes)

Paper
reference

WST02/01

Mathematics

**International Advanced Subsidiary/Advanced Level
Statistics S2**

You must have:

Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables (Yellow), calculator

Total Marks

Candidates may use any calculator permitted by Pearson regulations. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Values from the statistical tables should be quoted in full. If a calculator is used instead of the tables, the value should be given to an equivalent degree of accuracy.
- Inexact answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.

Information

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- There are 7 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- If you change your mind about an answer, cross it out and put your new answer and any working underneath.

Turn over ►

P78915A

©2024 Pearson Education Ltd.
V:1/1/1/



Pearson

5. The continuous random variable X has a probability density function given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{4}(3-x) & 1 \leq x \leq 2 \\ \frac{1}{4} & 2 < x \leq 3 \\ \frac{1}{4}(x-2) & 3 < x \leq 4 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

The cumulative distribution function of X is $F(x)$

- (a) Show that $F(x) = \frac{1}{4}\left(3x - \frac{x^2}{2}\right) - \frac{5}{8}$ for $1 \leq x \leq 2$ (2)
- (b) Find $F(x)$ for all values of x (5)
- (c) Find $P(1.2 < X < 3.1)$ (2)

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA



6. Two boxes, A and B, each contain a large number of coins.

In box A

- there are only 1p coins and 2p coins
- the ratio of 1p coins to 2p coins is 1 : 3

In box B

- there are only 2p coins and 5p coins
- the ratio of 2p coins to 5p coins is 1 : 4

One coin is randomly selected from box A and two coins are randomly selected from box B

The random variable T represents the total of the values of the three coins selected.

- (a) Find the sampling distribution of T (7)

The random variable M represents the median of the values of the three coins selected.

- (b) Find the sampling distribution of M (4)

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA



7. The continuous random variable X has probability density function given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} ax & 0 \leq x \leq 4 \\ bx + c & 4 < x \leq 8 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

where a , b and c are constants.

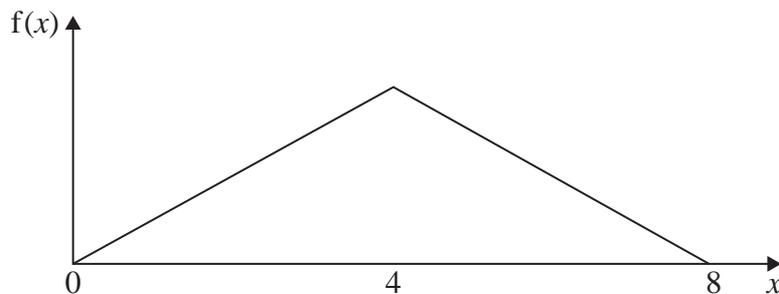


Figure 1

Figure 1 shows the graph of the probability density function $f(x)$

The graph consists of two straight line segments of equal length joined at the point where $x = 4$

(a) Show that $a = \frac{1}{16}$ (1)

(b) Hence find

(i) the value of b

(ii) the value of c (3)

(c) Using algebraic integration, show that $\text{Var}(X) = \frac{8}{3}$ (6)

(d) Find, to 2 decimal places, the lower quartile and the upper quartile of X (3)

A statistician claims that

$$P(-\sigma < X - \mu < \sigma) > 0.5$$

where μ and σ are the mean and standard deviation of X

(e) Show that the statistician's claim is correct. (2)

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS AREA



